

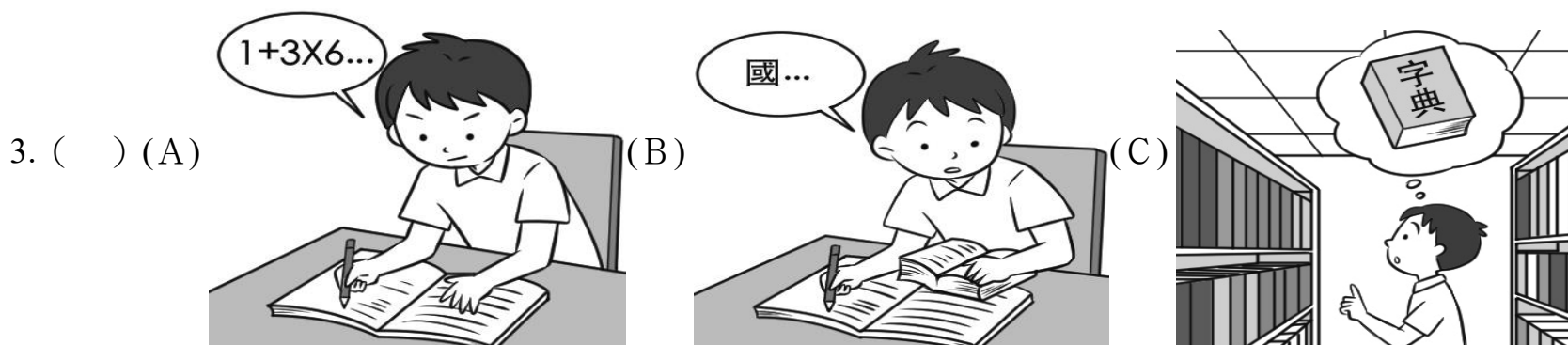
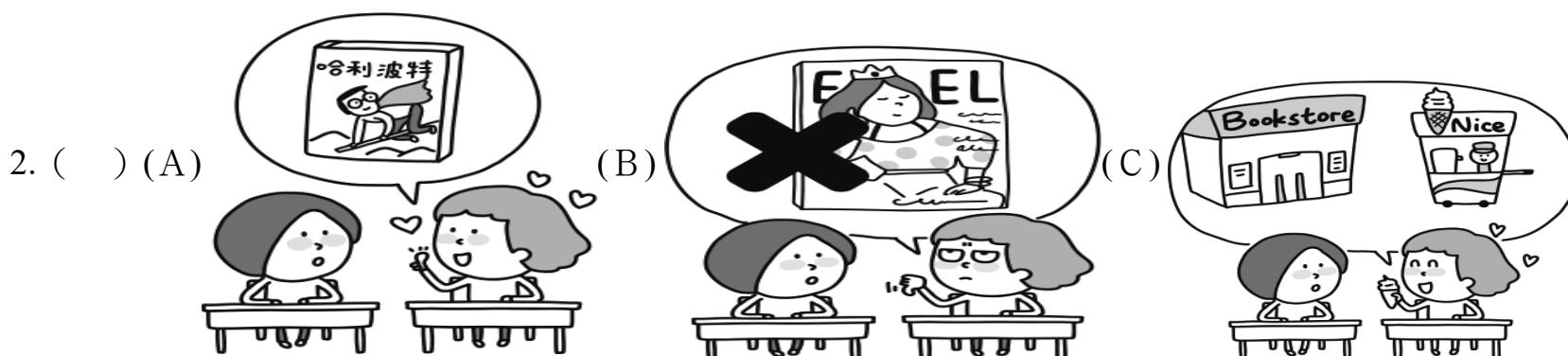
新北市立鶯江國民中學 111 學年度 第一學期 九年級 英語科 第3次段考 題目卷

命題教師：英語科教師 日期：1月17日 第6節 班級： 座號： 姓名：

請同學用 2B 鉛筆將答案畫記在答案卡上。

A. 聽力測驗: (20 %) (每題 2 分)

I. 辨識句意: 請根據所聽到的內容, 選出最符合描述的圖片。



II. 基本問答: 請根據所聽到的內容, 選出最適合的回應句。

4. () (A) No, he doesn't like the topic.
(B) Yes, I like the jacket very much.
(C) Yes, he is also my best friend, Jason.
5. () (A) The one that is the thinnest.
(B) I can make a phone call anytime.
(C) I can't find an ideal cellphone here.
6. () (A) I can't believe you are an office worker.
(B) I don't really like the taste of the food. It's too sweet.
(C) Thank you. My mom showed me some tips to make the delicious sandwiches.
7. () (A) How lucky you are!
(B) Call the store to deal with the problem.
(C) It appears that you like the computer a lot.

【背面尚有試題】

III. 言談理解: 請根據所聽到的對話內容及問題, 選出最適合的答案。

8. () (A) The woman enjoys everything in France.
 (B) The woman doesn't really enjoy the taste of the food.
 (C) It takes the woman too much time to have a meal with her friend there.
9. () (A) They are going to sell the clothes.
 (B) They are trying to help people in need.
 (C) They are going to help people throw the clothes away.
10. () (A) The food there is so terrible!
 (B) The price of the food is so high.
 (C) It is too far for her to go there after work.

B. 語法測驗(40%) (每題 2 分)

11. () Amy: Sorry, I can't help you download the file now because I have bigger fish to _____.
 Benny: No problem. Maybe I can ask Tom for help. Thank you anyway.
 (A) catch (B) cook (C) kill (D) fry
12. () The old woman _____ of us appears too weak to stand by herself. Let's go give her a hand.
 (A) ahead (B) outside (C) front (D) back
13. () Tom's voice _____ when he talks about his neighbors. He speaks faster, his face becomes redder and you can almost see fire in his eyes. [108.會考]
 (A) appears (B) drops (C) grows (D) rises
14. () The girl with a _____ of flowers around her neck draws water from the river every day.
 (A) dot (B) side (C) tail (D) string
15. () After the play, the actress _____ to the audience (觀眾). Everyone clapped for them.
 (A) rang (B) bowed (C) packed (D) cheered
16. () I will eat some of the fries, and the _____ is for you.
 (A) cookies (B) burgers (C) mark (D) rest
17. () Mike: Why does Jenny keep dropping me a note?
 Jason: She must be someone _____ you.
 (A) who likes (B) that show a great interest in (C) which cares about (D) which is angry with
18. () The girl _____ a blue jeans is my best friend. We've been friends since we were eight.
 (A) which is wearing (B) who like to wear (C) that is wearing (D) is in
19. () Studying hard is the only thing _____ Tom busy; he wants to be a lawyer who helps the people in need.
 (A) which keep (B) that keep (C) that keeps (D) who keeps
20. () The castle _____ on the hill _____ in 1855.
 (A) stands; was built (B) stood; built (C) which stands; has been built (D) that stands; was built
21. () Jenny owns the car _____ in front of the school.
 (A) which is parking (B) that has parked (C) is parked (D) parked
22. () The singer who _____ with his neighbor yesterday is on TV now.
 (A) fights (B) fought (C) is fighting (D) has fought
23. () Every morning on my way to school, I see the old man and his dog _____ are jogging along the street.
 (A) which (B) who (C) that (D) what

- 24.() Tommy is looking for the watch his uncle _____ him on his birthday. [97.基測I]
 (A) gives (B) gave (C) to give (D) has given
- 25.() The woman you met in the library yesterday _____ our school a lot of books. [98.基測II]
 (A) giving (B) will give (C) to give (D) given
- 26.() Greg was not interested in English, but now he _____ to English radio programs every day.
 (A) doesn't listen (B) is used to listening (C) used to listen (D) is listening
- 27.() My brother and I _____ bike riding together. I miss those happy days very much.
 (A) are interested in (B) are used to going (C) used to go (D) have gone
- 28.() Actor David Piper became tired of talking about the movie _____ after he was interviewed about it many times. [104.會考]
 (A) he is famous for (B) that he is famous (C) that is famous for (D) he is famous
- 29.() The singer on the stage looks like the foreigner _____ at the party yesterday.
 (A) I met (B) met me (C) who met (D) I met him
- 30.() The businessmen who just walked out of the room _____ from France.
 (A) comes (B) come (C) have come (D) was coming

C. 閱讀理解(40%)(每題 2 分)

【31~34】

To: cindy@email.com

Subject: Come meet me in London!

Attachment:  my new friends.jpg

Hi, Cindy,

How are you doing there? I'm doing well, and I also made some friends here. Look at the picture. The boy 31. glasses is Ming. He's from Taiwan, too. He is a student who has won several top prizes in game design contests. The girl 32. a bow in her hair is Yukie. She's from Japan. She's good at cooking. The boy next to Yukie is Calvin. He's a French boy. He has a good 33. of animals because he loves to watch animal TV programs. And the girl in a blue skirt is Emma. She's an Australian girl who loves to take photos. She uses her camera to take pictures all the time.

We're going to have a short break in two weeks. Would you like to come and meet my friends here? Let me know if 34.

Yours,
Sally

Send

- () 31. (A) in (B) with (C) who is (D) that is
- () 32. (A) in (B) has (C) which has (D) that is wearing
- () 33. (A) taste (B) hobby (C) knowledge (D) bottom
- () 34. (A) you would like to come (B) you have come (C) you come (D) come

【背面尚有試題】

【35~36】

How Do Animals See the World?

Do animals see things like we do? Some animals are born with the most amazing eyes on the planet. For example, cats and horses have eyes that allow them to see the world very differently.

Cats can see things clearly with little light. They are also much better than people at seeing fast movement. That's why they can hunt fast-moving mice at night as easily as in the day. But cats are also red-green color-blind. They can only see blue, yellow, and gray. Some studies show that red and green appear yellow to them.

Horses can see almost everything around them. This is because their big round eyes are on the sides of their head. They have a visual angle of 350 degrees. When horses walk to the north, they can see everything to the east, west, and even south. Horses can even see the person riding on them. However, they cannot see things right in front of their noses and behind their tails.

The vision of every animal is special, and some can even see what people can't. With the help of science, we can better understand how different animals see the world.

 visual 視覺的 angle 角度 vision 視覺

- () 35. Which is true?
- (A) Cats cannot see the color red.
 - (B) Blue toys appear yellow to cats.
 - (C) It is not easy for cats to hunt at night.
 - (D) People can see faster movement than cats.
- () 36. What is NOT mentioned about animals' eyes in the reading?
- (A) Animals that are color-blind.
 - (B) The visual angles of animals.
 - (C) The eye movements of animals.
 - (D) Animals with good night vision.

【37~41】

(Harris and Jenny are playing in the park)

Harris: What is your favorite thing to do at the park?

Jenny: I like playing on the 37. How about you?

Harris: Well, I just like to sit on the bench 38. look at different people.

Jenny: Does it make you relaxed?

Harris: Yes. It does. I always feel great after doing so.

Jenny: Look, is the woman 39. wears a hat Miss Lin?

Harris: Really? I remember she always has a pink bag 40. her.

Harris: What a surprise! Let's 41. hello to her.

- () 37. (A) lip (B) knife (C) seesaw (D) meal
 () 38. (A) and (B) but (C) when (D) after
 () 39. (A) which (B) what (C) who (D) when
 () 40. (A) in (B) with (C) on (D) of
 () 41. (A) say (B) said (C) to say (D) saying

【42~43】

The Technology Behind FIFA World Cup

The World Cup is a big event. It's not just about soccer; it's also about technology. The best teams need to use the best equipment. Do you know that some of the technology behind the best equipment comes from Taiwan? Here are two examples.

At the 2018 World Cup in Russia, countries such as Brazil, Germany, Sweden, England, Japan, and Egypt wore uniforms made in Taiwan. Why? Players sweat a lot when they play games. This makes them feel too uncomfortable to play well. But Taiwanese companies make items of clothing that dry off the skin to make players feel more comfortable. These uniforms are also eco-friendly because they use fabric made from recycled plastic bottles.

The game balls used Taiwanese technology, too. The balls used in the 2010 World Cup were too smooth. This made them unstable in flight. The problem was solved with the help of a company from New Taipei City that worked with a German company to make dimples on the balls. This makes the balls more stable as they fly through the air.

Taiwan may not have a top soccer team, but thanks to technology, the country still plays a role in the World Cup.

 equipment 裝備 sweat 流汗 fabric 紡織品 smooth 光滑的 unstable 不穩定
 dimple 波紋

- () 42. According to the reading, which is true?
 (A) The new soccer balls are eco-friendly.
 (B) The new soccer balls are very smooth.
 (C) The new uniforms are made from plastic bottles.
 (D) The new uniforms keep players from getting hot.
- () 43. Which is the best title for this reading?
 (A) The Best Soccer Balls Ever
 (B) Top Soccer Teams in the World
 (C) Uniforms Made from Plastic Bottles
 (D) Taiwanese Technology in the World Cup

【背面尚有試題】

【44~45】

Fun Runs

Fun runs have been held all around the world. Most of them are less than 5 kilometers (3 miles) long. Two of the most popular fun runs are the *runDisney* and the Zombie Run.

Lovers of Disney movies will love the *runDisney* because they can wear their favorite Disney costumes. After the runners set off, they see colorful fireworks above them in the sky. As they go happily through the Disney parks, Disney characters cheer and blow them kisses from the sidewalk. When the runners finish the race, they get a lovely Disney medal as a prize.

Zombie Runs are usually held around Halloween. They are exciting because runners can be killed by zombies. When they are running, hungry zombies hunt for them everywhere. Cries and screams can be heard all along the way. To stay alive, the runners have to keep their life flags. The zombies do their best to pull off the flags. If a runner's flags are all taken away, the runner is out. However, if the runners don't lose all their flags, they get a medal.

For some people, the words "run" and "fun" don't go together. But in a fun run, you can really run for fun.

📖 zombie 殭屍 medal 獎牌

- () 44. According to the reading, who may take part in the *runDisney*?
- (A) Oliver. He wants to watch a Disney movie.
- (B) Amy. She wants to take part in a 21 kilometer race.
- (C) Sandy. She wants to take part in a fun run in Taiwan.
- (D) John. He wants to dress up as the Lion King, a Disney character.
- () 45. What does runners can be killed by zombies mean?
- (A) Zombies can eat runners.
- (B) Runners can become zombies.
- (C) Runners can be out of the game.
- (D) Zombies can use flags to hunt runners.



【46~50】

(At a comic book convention.)

Zac: Wow, there are so many people in costumes.

Shin: It has always been like this at comic cons.

Zac: This is my first time to be here. What is a comic con?

Shin: It's a meeting of people 46. comic books.

Zac: I see. Hey, what is going on there? Look at the line 47. that booth. It's so long.

Shin: Oh my! The guy 48. for the fans on the stage there is Peter Matthew.

I want to take pictures with him.

(Outside the restroom)

Zac: Shin! You won't believe 49. inside. I saw a girl in a blue and white school uniform and with a tail on her bottom.

Shin: That must be the main character from the movie, Neko Chan.

Zac: Yes! Then what happened?

Shin: I was wondering why a girl could appear in a man's restroom. Then her tail fell off, but she didn't notice that. I picked it up and asked her if it 50. She turned around and said in a very deep voice, "Thank you, honey." To my surprise. It was a guy.

Zac: Welcome to the comic con and let's enjoy anything funny together!

- () 46. (A) who have great interest in (B) who is interested in
(C) that are interesting to (D) that interest
- () 47. (A) on (B) with (C) that go to (D) which leads to
- () 48. (A) who was singing (B) which sings
(C) who has sung (D) that is singing
- () 49. (A) what happened (B) was happening
(C) that just happened (D) which are happening
- () 50. (A) belongs to her (B) belonged to her
(C) is belonging to her (D) is belonged to her

【試題結束】

